COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ENLARGED CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF TROY, NEW YORK COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Table of Contents For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		<u>Page</u>
Manag	gement's Discussion and Analysis	1-10
Indepe	endent Auditor's Report	11-13
Distric	et-wide Financial Statements:	
Sta	atement of Net Position	14
Sta	atement of Activities and Change in Net Position	15
Gover	nmental Funds Financial Statements:	
	alance Sheet - Governmental Funds and Reconciliation to the Net Position of Governmental Activities	16
Sta	atement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Re	econciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	18
Fiduci	ary Fund Financial Statements:	
Sta	atement of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	19
Notes	to Financial Statements	20-48
Requi	red Supplementary Information	
1.	Statement of Revenues, Other Sources, Expenditures and Other Uses Compared to Budget - General Fund	49-50
2.	Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefit Plans	51
3.	Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Assets/Liabilities	52
4.	Schedule of District Contributions - Pension Plans	53
Other	Supplementary Information	
5.	Schedule of Changes from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit	54
6.	Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Project Expenditures	55
7.	Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	56
8.	Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	57
9.	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Non-Major Governmental Funds	58

ENLARGED CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF TROY, NEW YORK COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Table of Contents (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Award Program Information	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government</i> Auditing Standards	59-60
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	61-62
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	63
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	64
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	65
Extraclassroom Activity Fund	
Independent Auditor's Report	66-67
Financial Statements	
Statement of Assets and Fund Balance Resulting from Cash Transactions	68
Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements	69
Notes to Financial Statements	70
Management Letter	71-72

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2017

As management of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York, we offer the reader of the District's financial statements this narrative discussion, overview, and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with information provided in the financial statements. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position decreased by \$2,270,014 and increased by \$5,865,753 during the course of 2017 and 2016, respectively, primarily due to the increased postemployment benefits in 2017 and recognition of net pension asset increases in 2016 as required by the implementation of GASB 68.
- District-wide revenues were \$112,983,757 and \$110,520,231 for 2017 and 2016, respectively; district wide expenditures were \$115,253,771 and \$104,654,478 for 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- General fund revenues exceeded general fund expenditures by \$2,758,261 and \$3,837,023 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2015, respectively.
- General fund equity was \$23,566,434 at June 30, 2017 as compared to \$20,808,173 at June 30, 2016.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

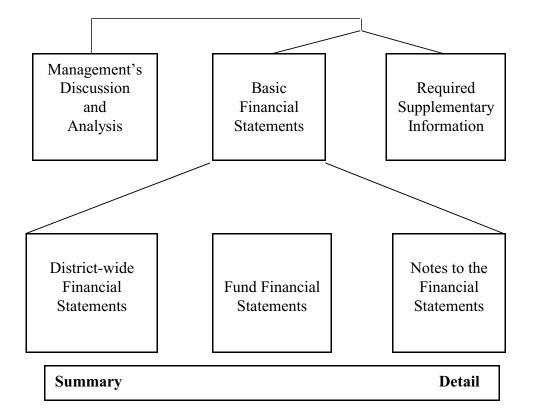
The District's annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the entity-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another. Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) June 30, 2017

Table A-1: Organization of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York's Annual Financial Report



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) June 30, 2017

Table A-2: Summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table A-2: Major Features of the Entity-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Entity-wide	Fund Financial Statements		
<u>Description</u>	<u>Description</u> <u>Statements</u>		<u>Fiduciary</u>	
1. Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the District, such as special education and instruction	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of others, such as employee benefits	
2. Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 	
3. Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	
4. Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Current assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and longterm; funds do not contain capital assets, although they can	
5. Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) June 30, 2017

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *district-wide* financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the assets of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information in the reconciliation section of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- *Fiduciary funds*: The District is the trustee or *fiduciary* for assets that belong to others, such as the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$22,205,280 at June 30, 2017. We refer you to the notes to the financial statements for more detailed information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) June 30, 2017

Table A-3: Condensed Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities (in millions)

Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016
\$ 53.2 118.0 - 171.2	\$ 50.4 120.8 21.7 192.9
23.2	3.6
12.8 151.8 164.6	13.2 148.2 161.4
7.6	10.6
32.3 8.9 12.4 (31.4)	50.6 5.9 12.4 (44.4) \$ 24.5
	2017 \$ 53.2 118.0

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

A large portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment), less any related debt (serial bonds payable) used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students, employees and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) June 30, 2017

Table A-4: Changes in Net Position from Operating Results Governmental Activities Only

Operating Grants 10,84 General Revenues: 38,67 Use of Money and Property 22 Miscellaneous 1,98 State Sources 59,63 Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 6eneral Support 11,40 Instruction 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	l Year 017	Fiscal Year 2016
Charges for Services \$ 1,13 Operating Grants 10,84 General Revenues: 38,67 Use of Money and Property 22 Miscellaneous 1,98 State Sources 59,63 Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 61,67 General Support 11,40 Instruction 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28		
Operating Grants 10,84 General Revenues: 38,67 Use of Money and Property 22 Miscellaneous 1,98 State Sources 59,63 Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 6eneral Support 11,40 Instruction 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28		
General Revenues: 38,67 Use of Money and Property 22 Miscellaneous 1,98 State Sources 59,63 Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 6eneral Support 11,40 Instruction 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	37,064	\$ 845,459
Real Property & Utility Taxes 38,67 Use of Money and Property 22 Miscellaneous 1,98 State Sources 59,63 Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 6eneral Support 11,40 Instruction 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	12,852	10,106,476
Use of Money and Property 22 Miscellaneous 1,98 State Sources 59,63 Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 59,63 General Sources 112,98 Expenses: 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28		
Miscellaneous 1,98 State Sources 59,63 Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 11,40 General Support 11,40 Instruction 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	79,627	38,750,888
State Sources 59,63 Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 11,40 General Support 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	20,116	97,866
Federal Sources 47 Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses:	35,578	2,403,643
Total Revenues 112,98 Expenses: 3 General Support 11,40 Instruction 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	38,849	58,101,176
Expenses: General Support Instruction Pupil Transportation Employee Benefits Interest Expense Other Depreciation - Unallocated Total Expenses 11,40 61,67 24,68 28,30 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated Total Expenses 115,28	79,671	214,723
General Support 11,40 Instruction 61,67 Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	33,757	110,520,231
Instruction61,67Pupil Transportation4,68Employee Benefits28,30Interest Expense2,44Other2,54Depreciation - Unallocated4,18Total Expenses115,28		
Pupil Transportation 4,68 Employee Benefits 28,30 Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	09,012	8,417,922
Employee Benefits28,30Interest Expense2,44Other2,54Depreciation - Unallocated4,18Total Expenses115,28	73,888	60,158,855
Interest Expense 2,44 Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	33,578	5,111,874
Other 2,54 Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	06,929	21,563,659
Depreciation - Unallocated 4,18 Total Expenses 115,28	18,898	2,749,621
Total Expenses 115,28	14,249	2,402,216
	37 <u>,217</u>	4,250,331
C1 : N. (D. '(')	33,771	104,654,478
Change in Net Position $\underline{\$ (2,27)}$	70,014)	\$ 5,865,753

Table A-5: Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2017

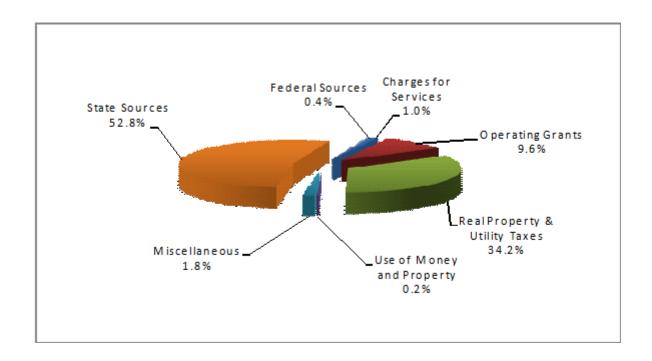
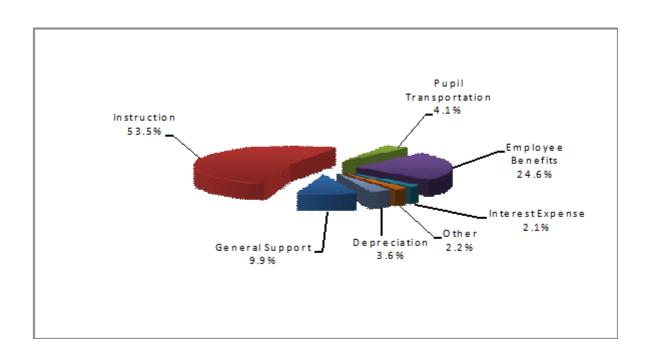


Table A-6: Expenses for Fiscal Year 2017



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) June 30, 2017

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds - As explained earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. The District has designated portions of the reserved fund balance to earmark resources for certain governmental funds. The unreserved fund balance is divided between designated and undesignated balances. The District has designated a portion of the unreserved fund balance for subsequent year's expenditures. Fund balance of capital projects and other governmental funds are restricted by state law to be spent for the purpose of the fund and are not available for spending at the District's discretion.

General Fund - The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. Financial highlights include:

Total General Fund revenues for 2016-2017 were \$103,006,627 an increase of 2.1% from 2015-2016. The key factors in this increase were higher state aid and property tax receipts in 2016-2017.

Total General Fund expenditures for 2016-2017 were \$100,248,366, an increase of 3.2% from 2015-2016. The key factors in this increase were higher instructional and employee benefits expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) June 30, 2017

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of fiscal year 2017, the District had invested \$118,020,083 net of depreciation of \$66,499,199, in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, transportation facility, administrative buildings, athletic facilities, computer and audio-visual equipment and buses. This amount represents a decrease of \$2,794,340 from fiscal year-end 2016 (more detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 2. A.IV. to the financial statements). Total depreciation expense for the year was \$4,187,217, while equipment acquisitions and additional construction on capital projects, net of disposals, amounted to \$1,392,877 during the year.

The following table reflects the total net cost of various building renovations and additions, technology and equipment expenditures through the end of fiscal year 2017 and 2016:

Table A-7: Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation (in millions)

Category	Fiscal Year-End 2017			l Year-End <u>2016</u>
Land and Land Improvements	\$	3.0	\$	3.1
Construction in Progress		67.0		64.3
Buildings		45.9		51.3
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		2.1		2.1
Total	<u>\$</u>	118.0	\$	120.8

Short-Term Debt

The District borrowed \$8,000,000 in bond anticipation notes in June 2017 to fund the outstanding capital projects. More detailed information about the District's short-term debt is presented in Note 2.B III to the Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) (Continued) June 30, 2017

Long-Term Debt

At year-end June 30, 2017 the District had \$66.3 million in general obligation and approximately \$79.3 million in other long-term debt outstanding. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 2. B.III. to the Financial Statements.

Table A-8: Outstanding Long-Term Debt

Category	Fiscal Year-End <u>2017</u>	Fiscal Year-End <u>2016</u>
Serial and Statutory Installment Bonds	\$ 66,284,550	\$ 71,374,550
Compensated Absences	3,644,100	3,686,604
Other Postemployment Benefits	71,204,127	62,571,124
Pension Liability	4,451,774	3,837,025
·	\$ 145,584,551	\$ 141,469,303

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

The District is dependent on the State of New York for state aid, historically in the 50-60% range of all revenues. Should aid be reduced as a result of the State being in a deficit situation or compelled to send a larger portion of aid to New York City, the effect will be felt in the District. At this time the District must appropriate over five million dollars to cover the cost of District charter school students. Significant financial stress will be placed on the District's financial health unless changes are made in the way charter schools are financed. The continuing increases in health insurance, utilities and pension costs cause funds to be diverted from sound educational programs.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report contact:

Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York Attn: Assistant Superintendent for Business 475 1st Street Troy, New York 12180 (518) 328-5005

CUSACK & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants LLC

7 Airport Park Boulevard Latham, New York 12110 (518) 786-3550 Fax (518) 786-1538 E-Mail Address: cpas@cusackcpas.com www.cusackcpas.com

Members of:
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

MEMBERS OF:
NEW YORK STATE SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the schedules of funding progress - other postemployment plans, proportionate share of net pension assets/liabilities and district contributions - pension plans, on pages 1-10 and 49-53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information on pages 54-58 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page 63 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations*, (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information on pages 54-58 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards or page 63 are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CUSACK & COMPANY, CPA'S LLC

Cusade & Congruy, CP4'5 LIC

Latham, New York October 10, 2017

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2017

A COUTE AND DESERBED OUTELOWS	
Current Assets: Unrestricted Cash Restricted Cash Taxes Receivable State and Federal Aid Receivable Due from Other Governments Accounts Receivable Inventories Capital Assets, Net Total Assets	\$ 29,149,490 12,873,980 4,082,201 6,442,405 397,161 204,220 20,980 118,020,083 171,190,520
Deferred Outflows, Pension	23,227,169
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	<u>\$ 194,417,689</u>
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS	
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Governments Accrued Interest Due to Teachers' Retirement System Due to Employees' Retirement System Bond Anticipation Notes Payable Overpayments and Collections in Advance Unearned Revenue Bonds Due and Payable within One Year	\$ 3,656,452 2,333,408 956 397,517 4,258,064 271,547 8,000,000 7,889 143,398 5,355,000
Long-term Liabilities: Bonds Compensated Absences Other Postemployment Benefits Pension Liability, Net Total Liabilities	60,929,550 3,644,100 71,204,127 4,451,774 164,653,782
Deferred Inflows: Deferred Inflows, Pension Deferred Inflows, Unamortized Bond Premium Total Deferred Inflows	1,311,077 6,247,550 7,558,627
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	172,212,409
NET POSITION	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for: Debt Other Reserves	54,648,436 4,329,042 4,528,739

Unassigned:

Unassigned Deficit

Total Net Position

Reduction of Future Property Taxes

Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position

12,425,000

(53,725,937)

22,205,280

\$ 194,417,689

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

				Program	Revei	nues		Net Expenses and
		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants		Change Net Position
Functions/Programs:								
General Support	\$	11,409,012	\$	(92,020)	\$	(174,038)	\$	11,142,954
Instruction		61,673,888		(989,921)		(8,424,980)		52,258,987
Pupil Transportation		4,683,578		-		-		4,683,578
Community Service		46,416		-		-		46,416
Employee Benefits		28,306,929		-		-		28,306,929
Debt Service - Interest		2,448,898		-		-		2,448,898
Depreciation - Unallocated (includes direct		4,187,217		-		-		4,187,217
expense of various functions and programs) School Lunch Program		2,497,833		(55,123)		(2,243,834)	_	198,876
School Banch Hogham	\$	115,253,771	\$	(1,137,064)	\$	(10,842,852)		103,273,855
Total Functions and Programs	<u> </u>	110,200,771	Ψ	(1,137,001)	Ψ	(10,012,032)		103,273,033
General Revenues:								
Real Property Taxes								32,291,444
Other Tax Items								5,100,624
Nonproperty Taxes								1,287,559
Use of Money and Property								74,479
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss								145,637
State Aid								59,638,849
Federal Aid								479,671
Miscellaneous								1,957,418
Net Premium on BAN Issuance								28,160
Total General Revenues							_	101,003,841
Change in Net Position								(2,270,014)
Total Net Position, Beginning of Year								24,475,294
Total Net Position, End of Year							\$	22,205,280

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND RECONCILIATION TO THE NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2017

Current Assets:		<u>General</u>	1	Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	•	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash Unrestricted Restricted	\$	23,424,754 1,961,077	\$	5,724,736 10,912,903	\$	29,149,490 12,873,980
Receivables Taxes Due from Other Funds State and Federal Aid Due from Other Governments Other Inventories		4,082,201 2,208,781 4,087,076 397,161 204,220		- 676,020 2,355,329 - - 20,980		4,082,201 2,884,801 6,442,405 397,161 204,220 20,980
Total Assets	\$	36,365,270	\$	19,689,968	\$	56,055,238
Current Liabilities: Payables Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Due to Teachers' Retirement System Due to Employees' Retirement System Bond Anticipation Notes Payable Overpayments and Collections in Advance Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	2,238,542 2,333,408 641,078 183 4,258,064 271,547 - 7,889	\$	1,417,910 - 2,243,723 773 - 8,000,000 - 143,398 11,805,804	\$	3,656,452 2,333,408 2,884,801 956 4,258,064 271,547 8,000,000 7,889 143,398 21,556,515
		9,/50,/11		11,805,804		21,336,313
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Uncollected Real Estate Taxes		3,048,125		-		3,048,125
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventories Restricted for: Workers' Compensation Unemployment Insurance Tax Certiorari Employee Benefits Accrued Liabilities Capital Reserve Debt Service Assigned for: General Support Instruction Other Food Service Appropriated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned: Unassigned Total Fund Balance		- 1,237,896 51,451 500,000 1,237,896 1,501,496 - 538,881 1,006,796 800,590 - 12,425,000 4,266,428 23,566,434		20,980 4,329,042 1,221,341 2,312,801 - 7,884,164		20,980 1,237,896 51,451 500,000 1,237,896 1,501,496 4,329,042 538,881 1,006,796 800,590 1,221,341 12,425,000 6,579,229 31,450,598
Total Liability, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	36,365,270	\$	19,689,968	\$	56,055,238
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different be Total governmental fund balances per above	ecause:				\$	31,450,598
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, a reported in the funds.	are not					118,020,083
Pension assets, net of deferred outflows, inflows and pension liability.						17,464,318
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences are not due and are not reported in funds.	d payable	in the current peri	od and,	therefore,		(69,928,650)
Deferral of charges for property taxes earned in the current year are recognized as revenue.	ue under f	ull accrual accoun	ting.			3,048,125
Other postemployment benefit liability is recognized as a liability under full accrual account	unting.					(71,204,127)
Interest payable in the district-wide statements under full accrual accounting.						(397,517)
Premium on bond borrowings is deferred in the district-wide financial statements under fi	ull accrua	l accounting.				(6,247,550)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	22,205,280

ENLARGED CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF TROY, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	<u>General</u>	Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Real Property Taxes	\$ 33,366,934	\$ -	\$ 33,366,934
Other Tax Items	5,100,624	ψ - -	5,100,624
Nonproperty Taxes	1,287,559	_	1,287,559
Charges for Service	1,081,941	_	1,081,941
Use of Money and Property	66,817	7,662	74,479
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	145,637	-,002	145,637
Interfund Revenues	174,038	_	174,038
State Aid	59,638,849	2,332,650	61,971,499
Federal Aid	479,671	8,369,108	8,848,779
Sales	-	55,123	55,123
Miscellaneous	1,664,557	433,955	2,098,512
Total Revenues	103,006,627	11,198,498	114,205,125
Expenditures:			
General Support	10,443,550	174,038	10,617,588
Instruction	52,888,991	8,424,980	61,313,971
Pupil Transportation	4,683,680	, <u> </u>	4,683,680
Community Service	46,443	-	46,443
Employee Benefits	19,562,277	_	19,562,277
Debt Service			
Principal	5,090,000	-	5,090,000
Interest	3,392,331	-	3,392,331
Cost of Sales	-	2,497,963	2,497,963
Capital Outlay		2,760,500	2,760,500
Total Expenditures	96,107,272	13,857,481	109,964,753
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	6,899,355	(2,658,983)	4,240,372
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating Transfers In	-	4,141,094	4,141,094
Operating Transfers Out	(4,141,094)	_	(4,141,094)
Premium on BAN Issuance	-	28,160	28,160
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,141,094)	4,169,254	28,160
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources			
(Uses) Over Expenditures	2,758,261	1,510,271	4,268,532
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	20,808,173	6,373,893	27,182,066
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 23,566,434	\$ 7,884,164	<u>\$ 31,450,598</u>

ENLARGED CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF TROY, NEW YORK
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	4,268,532
Capital outlays are expenditures in governmental funds, but are capitalized in the statement of net position.		1,392,877
Depreciation is not recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the statement of activities.		(4,187,217)
Net pension expense in accordance with GASB 68 is a recovery of expense in the district-wide financial statements under full accrual accounting.		(111,650)
Amortization of premium on debt over the life of the bond is a reduction to the current year interest expense in the district-wide financial statements.		509,000
Repayments of long-term debt are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are recorded as payments of liabilities in the statement of net position.		5,090,000
Certain real property tax revenue not recognized in the governmental funds under th modified accrual basis of accounting (60 day rule) but is recognized under full accrual accounting.		(1,075,490)
Interest is recognized as an expense in governmental funds when paid. For governmental activities interest expense is recognized as it accrues. The decrease in accrued interest during 2017 results in less expense.		434,433
Certain expenses in the statement of activities related to the long-term compensated absences liability do not require the expenditure of current resources and are, therefore, not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund. The decrease in the liability in 2017 results in less expense.		42,504
Certain postemployment benefits are recognized as an expense in the statement of activities under full accrual accounting.		(8,633,003)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	(2,270,014)

ENLARGED CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF TROY, NEW YORK
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AND CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	<u>Agency</u>	Private Purpose <u>Trusts</u>
Current Assets Cash - Unrestricted	¢ 260.741	¢.
Cash - Restricted	\$ 269,741 64,790	\$ - 313,157
Total Assets	\$ 334,531	\$ 313,157
Current Liabilities Extraclassroom Activity Balances Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 64,790 269,741 \$ 334,531	\$ - - -
Net Position		212 157
Restricted for Scholarships Total Net Position		313,157
Total Net Position	 _	313,157
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 334,53 <u>1</u>	\$ 313,15 <u>7</u>
		Private Purpose <u>Trusts</u>
Additions:		
Gifts and Contributions		\$ 46,308
Investment Earnings		252
Total Additions		46,560
Deductions : Scholarship and Awards		8,930
Scholarship and Awards		
Change in Net Position		37,630
Net Position - Beginning of Year		275,527
Net Position - End of Year		<u>\$ 313,157</u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York ("the District") have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) which is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 9 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statements 14 and 39, The Financial Reporting Entity as amended by GASB Statement 61. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District and its component unit. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is based on several criteria, including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of an entity included in the School District's reporting entity.

The Extraclassroom Activity Fund

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity fund is independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity fund can be found at pages 66-70.

B. Joint Ventures

The District is a component district in Questar III - Rensselaer-Columbia-Greene BOCES ("BOCES"). BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7).

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the Education Law.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District was billed \$7,885,562 for BOCES administrative and program costs. General purpose financial statements for the Questar III-Rensselaer-Columbia-Greene BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 10 Empire State Blvd., Castleton, NY 12033. The District's share of BOCES income amounted to \$3,311,456. BOCES additionally holds in reserve \$1,643,985 in funds originally to be used to offset postemployment benefit costs at June 30, 2017. BOCES intends to use these funds to offset future administrative charges over an original period of at least 5 years commencing in 2016.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

District-wide Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirely, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operation or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

I. Governmental Fund Types

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

The general fund is the principal operating fund and is used to account for all of the District's operations not required to be accounted for in another fund.

All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds:

1. Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for special purposes. Special revenue funds include the following funds:

a. Special Aid Fund

Used to account for special operating projects or programs supported in whole, or in part, with Federal funds or State or Local grants.

b. School Lunch Fund

Used to account for transactions of the lunch and breakfast programs.

2. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities or equipment.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

I. Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

3. <u>Debt Service Fund</u>

The debt service fund is used to account for the advanced refunding of debt and unspent proceeds of borrowings that are restricted for debt service.

II. Fiduciary Fund Type

This fund is used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee and agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements because their resources do not belong to the District and are not available to be used.

D. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

General Information

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are reported when earned and expenses are recorded at the time obligations are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transactions take place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Unearned Revenue and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District's three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Lastly is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separation section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflows of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension system not included in pension expense. The third item is revenues from grants received that have met all other eligibility requirements except those related to time restrictions.

F. Property Taxes

I. Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than July 1. Taxes are collected during the period July 1 through January 31 annually.

II. Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are enforced by the City of Troy and the County of Rensselaer. An amount representing all uncollected real property taxes must be transmitted by the City and County to the School District within two years from the return of unpaid taxes to such city and county. Real property taxes receivable expected to be collected within sixty days subsequent to June 30, 2017, less similar amounts collected during this period in the preceding year, are recognized as revenue; otherwise, real property taxes receivable are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

I. Budget Policies

- 1. The budget policies are as follows:
 - a. The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund.
 - b. The voters within the District approve the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.
 - c. Appropriations are adopted at the program level.
 - d. Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

Various Gifts \$ 34,936

II. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded for budgetary control purposes to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

III. Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted annually on the basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

H. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and School Districts.

I. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

J. Inventories

Inventories of food and/or supplies in the school lunch fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase.

K. Interfund Transfers

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

L. Equity Classifications

<u>District-wide statements</u>: In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unassigned net position - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the District.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Equity Classifications (Continued)

Fund statements: In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the school food service fund at June 30, 2017.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District Board and contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements such as the award of a bid by the District Board. The District had no committed fund balances at June 30, 2017.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned fund balances include funds that are legally mandated to be accounted for separately as well as amounts that have been contractually obligated by the District or designated by the District Board for ensuing year's budget.

All encumbrances in the general and school food service fund of \$2,346,267 and \$1,221,341, respectively at June 30, 2017 are classified as assigned fund balance.

Assigned for Tax Reduction - Portions of fund equity are segregated for future use and are, therefore, not available for appropriation or expenditure. Assignments of unassigned fund balances in governmental funds indicates the use of these resources in the ensuing year's budget or tentative plans for future use.

Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The unassigned portion reports remaining fund balance that has not been assigned or restricted. NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 restricts the unreserved, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the ensuing fiscal year.

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Equity Classifications (Continued)

The following is a description of the restrictions utilized by the District:

I. Workers' Compensation Reserve

This reserve is used to accumulate funds for the purpose of paying for compensation benefits and other expenditures authorized under Article 2 of the New York State Workers' Compensation Law and according to General Municipal Law §6-j.

The reserve may be established by board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

II. Reserve for Employee Benefits Accrued Liability

Authorized by General Municipal Law §6-p, this reserve is used to accumulate funds for the payment of any accrued employee benefit due to an employee upon termination of service. This reserve fund was established by a majority vote of the Board of Education and is funded by budgetary appropriations. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

III. Reserve for Debt Service

Authorized by General Municipal Law §6-i, this reserve is used to account for remaining bond proceeds not utilized for the intended purpose. These monies must be used to pay the debt service of the obligations from which they originated.

IV. <u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u>

Authorized by General Municipal Law §6-m the unemployment Insurance Reserve is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit retirement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Postemployment Benefits

In addition to providing the retirement benefits described in Note 2. B., the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage to its retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of the employment contract negotiated between the School District and its employee groups. Substantially all of these employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Currently, approximately 452 retirees and their spouses meet those eligibility requirements. The District pays 100% of the cost of premiums to an insurance company which provides health care insurance, and is reimbursed a portion of the cost from certain retiree groups. In the governmental funds, the District recognized the net cost of providing benefits for fiscal year 2017 by recording approximately \$3.6 million, its share of insurance premiums for currently enrolled retirees, as an expenditure.

N. Due to/from Other Funds

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from the same fund type.

O. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost for acquisitions subsequent to July 1, 2009. For assets acquired prior to July 1, 2009, actual or estimated historical costs based on an appraisal conducted by an independent third-party professional were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar amount above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation <u>Method</u>	Estimated <u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings	\$ 5,000	SL	20-40 years
Building improvements	\$ 5,000	SL	20-30 years
Land improvements	\$ 5,000	SL	20 years
Machinery and equipment	\$ 5,000	SL	5-20 years
Infrastructure	\$ 5,000	SL	20 years
Vehicles and trucks	\$ 5,000	SL	8 years

P. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (Continued)

- a. Total fund balances of governmental funds differ from "net assets" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. The difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of governmental fund Balance Sheets.
- b. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position fall into one of three broad categories.

Long-term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position.

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position.

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.

Original cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation \$ 118,020,083

Other assets include deferred outflows, pension \$ 23,227,169

Debt Transaction Differences

Debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Other long-term debt differences result from the recording of compensated absences and postemployment benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (Continued)

b. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position (Continued):

Debt Transaction Differences (Continued)

Because the governmental funds focus on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example receivables) are offset by deferred inflows in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in fund balance. They are, however, included in the net assets of the governmental activities.

Adjustment of deferred inflows for property taxes

\$ 3,048,125

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period. Balances at year-end were:

Bonds payable	\$ 66,284,550
Compensated absences payable	\$ 3,644,100
Post-employment benefits payable	\$ 71,204,127
Premium on serial bond payable	\$ 6,247,550
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows	\$ 5,762,851

In the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position, certain operating expenses (compensated absences and special termination benefits) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (usually, the amounts actually paid). This year, postemployment benefits paid of \$3,589,315 were less than the amounts incurred of \$12,222,318. Also, compensated absences (vacations used) were less than the amounts incurred by \$42,504.

Also in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position, certain revenues are reported under the modified accrual method in the governmental statements for property tax revenue, \$1,075,490, but are reported in the year earned under full accrual.

When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation of \$4,187,217 was more than capital expenditures of \$1,392,877 in the current year.

Repayment of bond principal of \$5,090,000 is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities, whereas the proceeds of long-term debt is a revenue in the governmental funds but is a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Additionally, the premium the District received on its serial bond issuances are amortized over the life of the borrowing in the statement of activities and change in Net Position resulting in a current year reduction to interest expense of \$509,000.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (Continued)

b. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position (Continued):

Debt Transaction Differences (Continued)

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The lower interest reported in the Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position is the result of a decrease in accrued interest on bonds and the bond anticipation notes of \$434,433. In addition, the net pension expense resulted in an additional expense of \$111,650 in the statement of activities.

Q. Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Plan

The District participates in a self-insurance plan for worker's compensation called The Rensselaer Columbia-Greene (RCG) Counties Worker's Compensation Consortium ("Consortium"). The Plan is a claims-servicing public entity risk pool which began operations in July, 1985. The Consortium was formed by participating school districts and Questar III. The purpose of the Consortium is to operate a plan to provide the employees of the participants with worker's compensation benefits and the participants with centralized administration and insurance covering job-connected disabilities and including the cost of medical treatment. The Consortium was accepted as a self-insurer by the State of New York Worker's Compensation Board effective July 1, 1985. The Consortium has a stop loss policy to protect participants from usually high claims.

The Consortium is governed by a Plan Agreement administered by a Board of Directors, consisting of one Director for each member. As of June 30, 2016 (most recent information available) there were 19 participating members from Rensselaer, Columbia and Greene Counties in New York State. The amount owed to the Plan on behalf of the District at June 30, 2016 approximated \$2.3 million. Payments made to the Consortium for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$927,500.

R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-term assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based principally on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Sick leave use is based on a last-in, first out (LIFO) basis.

Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, an accrual for accumulated leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year-end in the District-wide financials. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the applicable contract rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements, only the amount of material liabilities is accrued based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

T. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Code Section 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement.

Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

U. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

U. Short-Term Debt (Continued)

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

V. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted and implemented GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, effective for the year ended June 30, 2017.

W. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, established new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

X. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events or transactions as to any potential material impact on operations or financial position occurring through October 10, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No such events or transactions were noted.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

I. Cash

1. Deposits

Deposits are valued at cost or cost plus interest and are categorized as either (1) insured, or for which the securities are held by the District's agent in the District's name, (2) collateralized, and for which the securities are held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name, or (3) uncollateralized. At June 30, 2017 all deposits were fully insured and collateralized by the District's agent in the District's name.

2. Restricted Cash

General

Restricted cash of 1,961,077 consists of amounts set aside by the District to fund a portion of the District's restricted reserves.

\$8.0 Million Capital Project

Restricted cash of \$10,912,903 consists of unexpended BAN and serial bond borrowings restricted to be spent on the capital project.

Fiduciary

Restricted cash of \$377,947 consists of \$64,790 for extraclassroom activity funds and \$313,157 is restricted for scholarships.

II. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund transactions and balances are as follows:

	nterfund eceivable]	Interfund <u>Payable</u>	_	nterfund ransfers In	Interfund ransfers Out
General	\$ 2,208,781	\$	641,078	\$	-	\$ 4,141,094
Special Aid Fund	144,299		2,132,811		141,094	-
School Lunch	-		79,192		-	-
Debt Service	30,749		-		-	-
Capital Projects Fund Total Government	 500,972		31,720		4,000,000	 <u>-</u>
Activities	\$ 2,884,801	\$	2,844,801	\$	4,141,094	\$ 4,141,094

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

A. Assets (Continued)

III. Other Receivables

Other receivables in the government funds at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following, which are stated at net realizable value. District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Retirement Health Premiums	\$ 82,788
General Fund	E-Rate	105,367
General Fund	Other	 16,065
		\$ 204,220

IV. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Balance July 1	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassifications	Balance June 30
Capital assets that are not depreciated:	<u> </u>			
Land	\$ 345,316	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 345,316
Construction in Progress	64,268,451	2,760,501	-	67,028,952
Total nondepreciable historical cost	64,613,767	2,760,501		67,374,268
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings	101,472,897	-	(2,994,466)	98,478,431
Machinery and equipment	13,477,734	1,167,155	(547,284)	14,097,605
Land improvements	3,990,725	-	(16,574)	3,974,151
Vehicles	534,489	60,338	-	594,827
Total depreciable historical cost	119,475,845	1,227,493	(3,558,324)	117,145,014
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	50,170,114	2,885,022	(484,049)	52,571,087
Machinery and equipment	11,463,663	1,105,799	(465,985)	12,103,477
Land improvements	1,213,730	174,197	(16,574)	1,371,353
Vehicles	427,682	22,199	3,401	453,282
Total accumulated depreciation	63,275,189	4,187,217	(963,207)	66,499,199
Total capital assets, net	\$ 120,814,423	<u>\$ (199,223)</u>	\$ (2,595,117)	\$ 118,020,083

B. Liabilities

I. Pension Plans

General Information

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"), and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). These Systems are cost sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

I. Pension Plans (Continued)

Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee for the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/indes/php.

Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year and each of the two preceding years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

I. Pension Plans (Continued)

ERS and TRS Contributions

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100% of the contributions required, and were as follows:

	ERS		
2016-2017	\$ 937,681	\$	4,556,697
2015-2016	\$ 1,035,853	\$	5,781,619
2014-2015	\$ 1,150,543	\$	5,086,335

The District's contributions made to the Systems were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required for each year. The approximate rates paid for the largest tier in the three years from 2014 - 2016 for ERS were 20.1%, 18.9% and 16.1% for the largest employee group, respectively, and the rates for TRS from 2014-2016 were 17.53%, 13.26% and 11.72%, respectively.

Chapter 260 of the laws of 2014 of the State of New York allows local employers to bond or amortize a portion (limitations established by fiscal year) of their retirement bill up to 10 years for fiscal years ending March 31, 2005 through 2008. Chapter 57 of the laws of 2010 of the State of New York allows local employers to amortize a portion (limitations established by fiscal year) of their retirement bill for 10 years for fiscal years ending March 31, 2012 and forward.

These laws require participating employers to make payments on a current basis, while bonding or amortizing existing unpaid amounts. The District has not bonded or amortized any portion of their retirement obligations.

At June 30, 2017, the District reported net pension liabilities of \$2,228,857 (TRS) and \$2,222,917 (ERS) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset or liability. The net pension asset (TRS) was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the net pension liability (ERS) was measured as of March 31, 2017. The total pension asset/liability used to calculate the net pension asset/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. The information was provided by the TRS and ERS systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>		
Measurement date	June 30, 2016	March 31, 2017		
District's proportionate share of the				
net pension liability	\$ 2,228,857	\$ 2,222,917		
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension liability	.208102%	.0236576%		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

I. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Assets, Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized a net pension expense of \$4,929,933 in the statement of activities resulting from \$3,660,939 for TRS and \$1,265,994 for ERS.

At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>TRS</u>	<u>E</u>	<u>ers</u>	Oı	Deferred utflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	55,704	\$	55,704
Changes of assumptions	12,696,986	,	759,430	13	,456,416
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	5,011,642	4	444,007	5	,455,649
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	35,373		2,621		37,994
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	3,949,859 \$ 21,693,860		271,547 533,309		,221,406

At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 724,058	\$ 337,563	\$ 1,061,621
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 229,069 953,127	\$ 20,387 357,950	249,456 \$ 1,311,077

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

I. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Assets, Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

LIG
ERS

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>TRS</u>	ERS
Measurement date	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016	April 1, 2016
Interest rate	7.5%	7.0%
Salary scale	1.5% - 1.9%	3.8% - 4.5%
Decrements tables	July 1, 2009 -	April 1, 2010 -
	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2015
	System's	System's
	Experience	Experience
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.5%

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

I. Pension Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are as follows:

017
)(

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.5% for TRS and 7.0% ERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

I. Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Assets/Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 and 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase
<u>TRS</u>			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	<u>\$ (29,080,500)</u>	<u>\$ (2,228,857)</u>	<u>\$ 20,292,895</u>
<u>ERS</u>			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	<u>\$ (7,099,557)</u>	<u>\$ (2,222,917)</u>	<u>\$ 1,900,273</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the net pension asset (TRS) and liability (ERS) of the employer as of the respected measurement dates were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>
Measurement date	June 30, 2016	March 31, 2017
Employers' total pension liability	\$ (108,577,184)	\$ (177,400,586)
Fiduciary net position	107,506,152	168,004,363
Employers' net pension liability	<u>\$ (1,071,032)</u>	\$ (9,396,223)
Ratio of fiduciary net position to the		
employers' total pension liability	99.01%	94.70%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2017

3. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

I. Pension Plans (Continued)

Payables and Pension Plan

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2017 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued employer retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$3,949,859, along with employee withholdings of \$308,205 as of June 30, 2017.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2017 through June 30, 2017 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$271,547. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

II. Postemployment Benefits

The District provides postemployment (health insurance, life insurance, etc.) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements. The District has implemented GASB Statement 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions.* This required the District to calculate and record a net other postemployment benefit obligation ("OPEB") at year end. The net other postemployment benefit obligation is basically the cumulative difference between the actuarially required contribution and the actual contributions made.

The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance annually as expenditures in the General Fund of the fund level financial statements as payments are made. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized \$3,589,315 for its share of insurance premiums for currently enrolled retirees.

The District has obtained an actuarial valuation report as of July 1, 2016 which indicates that the total liability for other postemployment benefits is \$71,204,127, which is reflected in the Statement of Net Assets.

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established by the Board of Education. Until changes are made in the New York State law to permit funding, there is no legal authority to fund OPEB, other than "pay as you go".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

II. Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC presents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 13,199,513
Interest on net OPEB obligation	2,502,845
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (3,480,040)
Annual OPEB cost	12,222,318
Contributions made	 (3,589,315)
Increase in net OPEB obligations	8,633,003
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 62,571,124
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 71,204,127

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017, 2016 and 2015 is a follows:

Fiscal <u>Year End</u>	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/17	\$ 12,222,318	29.4%	\$ 71,204,127
6/30/16	\$ 12,136,878	29.1%	\$ 62,571,124
6/30/15	\$ 12,058,388	29.7%	\$ 53,968,338

Funded Status and Funding Progress: As of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$71,204,127 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$158,300,629. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan was \$40,830,179 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 388%. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding process, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2017

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

II. Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actual methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3% investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.0% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.50% in 2022. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2017, was 23 years.

III. Indebtedness

1. Short-Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt related to bond anticipation notes for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Interest]	Beginning			Ending
Maturity	Rate		Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance
07/01/16	.70%	\$	8,400,000	\$ -	\$ (8,400,000)	\$ -
06/13/18	1.02-2%			 8,000,000		 8,000,000
		\$	8,400,000	\$ 8,000,000	\$ (8,400,000)	\$ 8,000,000

Interest on short-term debt in the government-wide statement of activities for the year was composed of :

Interest paid	\$ 125,650
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(125,650)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	 6,340
Total Expense	\$ 6,340

2. Long-term Debt

a. Serial Bonds

The District borrows money in order to acquire or construct building and improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the District. During the current year, the District recognized \$3,266,681 of expenditures for serial and statutory bond debt interest in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

III. Indebtedness (Continued)

2. Long-term Debt (Continued)

a. Serial Bonds (Continued)

Interest on long-term debt in the government-wide statement of activities for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 3,266,681
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(706,300)
Less amortization of bond premium	(509,000)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	391,177
Total Expense	\$ 2,442,558

b. Other Long-term Debt

In addition to the above long-term debt, the District had the following noncurrent liabilities:

Compensated Absences - Represents the value of the earned and unused portion of the liability for employees' vacation and sick pay which has not been accrued in the General Fund.

Other Postemployment Benefits - represents the District's obligation for postemployment benefits provided to retirees and current employees upon their retirement.

Pension Liability - represents the District's liability for its proportionate share of the ERS pension.

3. Changes

The changes in indebtedness during the year ended June 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2016		Additions	Deletions	;	Balance June 30, 2017		
Serial Bonds	\$ 71,374,550	\$	-	\$ (5,090,000)	\$	66,284,550		
Compensated Absences	3,686,604		-	(42,504)		3,644,100		
Other Postemployment Benefits	62,571,124		12,222,318	(3,589,315)		71,204,127		
Pension Liability	 3,837,025		614,749	 		4,451,774		
	\$ 141,469,303	\$	12,837,067	\$ 8,721,819	\$	145,584,551		

Additions and deletions to compensated absences are shown net as it is impracticable to determine these amounts separately.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

2. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

III. Indebtedness (Continued)

4. Maturity

The following is a summary of the District's indebtedness:

Description of Issue	<u>Type</u>	Date of <u>Issue</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Outstanding June 30, <u>2017</u>
District-wide Reconstruction Series 2008	Serial Bond	07/01/08	07/01/29	4.00%	\$ 795,000
District-wide Renovations, Bonds, 2010	Serial Bond	07/01/10	06/15/25	3.881%	4,030,000
School District Refunding Bonds, 2011	Serial Bond	05/25/11	07/15/21	2.00 - 3.125%	3,870,000
School Construction Bonds, 2012	Serial Bond	06/14/12	06/15/27	1.30 - 4.35%	3,585,000
Bond Authorization Series 2014	Serial Bond	07/12/14	06/15/29	2.00 - 5.00%	35,825,000
School District Refunding Bonds 2015	Serial Bond	03/31/15	07/01/28	2.00 - 5.00%	11,089,550
District-wide Renovations, Bonds, 2016	Serial Bond	06/15/16	06/15/31	2.00 - 5.00%	7,090,000
Total					\$ 66,284,550

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements for bonds:

Year	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018	\$ 5,355,000	\$ 3,481,787	\$ 8,836,787
2019	5,535,000	2,752,873	8,287,873
2020	5,760,000	2,525,703	8,285,703
2021	5,205,000	2,287,146	7,492,146
2022	5,010,000	2,063,982	7,073,982
2023-2027	27,660,000	6,509,736	34,169,736
2028-2031	11,759,550	889,626	12,649,176
Total	\$ 66,284,550	\$20,510,853	\$ 86,795,403

IV. Constitutional Debt Limit

The constitution of the State of New York limits the amounts of indebtedness which may be issued by the School District. The School District may issue indebtedness to the extent that the aggregate outstanding debt issues which are subject to such limit does not exceed 5% on the average full valuation of taxable real estate within the District. At June 30, 2017, the District has exhausted approximately 82.63% of its constitutional debt limit.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2017

3. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

A. Litigation

The District is a party of various legal proceedings and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. The District is also regularly involved with certiorari actions brought by real property owners to have their assessments reduced. Liabilities, if any, are recorded when they become fixed or determinable in amount.

B. Federal and State Grants

The District receives federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based upon prior experience, District management believes such disallowances, if any, would not be material.

C. Risk Financing and Related Insurance

General Information

The Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters.

D. Collective Bargaining Units

The Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York employees are represented by collective bargaining agents. Those agents which represent them and the dates of expiration of their agreements are as follows:

Bargaining Unit	Expiration Date
Troy Administrators' Association	June 30, 2020
CSEA, LOCA 1000 AFSCME, AFL - C10	June 30, 2019
Troy Teachers' Association	June 30, 2020

E. Tax Abatement Agreements

The County of Rensselaer and City of Troy enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of economic development. The School District property tax revenue was reduced by \$3,147,445. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payments totaling \$1,184,563 for the year ended June 30, 2017.



Statement of Revenues, Other Sources, Expenditures and Other Uses Compared to Budget - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #1

Revenues:		Original <u>Budget</u>		Revised <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Budget Variance
Local Sources:								
Real property taxes	\$	32,359,217	\$	32,478,577	\$	33,366,934	\$	888,357
Other tax items	Ψ	4,790,000	Ψ	4,670,640	Ψ	5,100,624	Ψ	429,984
Nonproperty taxes		1,550,000		1,550,000		1,287,559		(262,441)
Charges for service		808,911		808,911		1,081,941		273,030
Use of money and property		39,500		39,500		66,817		27,317
Sale of property and compensation for loss		52,500		52,500		145,637		93,137
Miscellaneous		1,235,000		1,269,936		1,526,763		256,827
Interfund revenues and operating transfers		350,000		350,000		174,038		(175,962)
		41,185,128		41,220,064		42,750,313	-	1,530,249
Total Local Sources								
State sources		58,894,381		58,894,381		59,638,849		744,468
Medicaid Reimbursement		405,000		405,000		479,671		74,671
Interest Subsidy - Build American Bonds		-		-		137,794		137,794
Total Revenues		100,484,509		100,519,445	\$	103,006,627	\$	2,487,182
Other Financing Sources: Appropriated fund balance		12,425,000		12,425,000				
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$	112,909,509	\$	112,944,445				

Statement of Revenues, Other Sources, Expenditures and Other Uses Compared to Budget - General Fund (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #1 (CONTINUED)

	Original Budget		Revised Budget	Actual	1	Encumbrances	Budget Variance
Expenditures:	<u> Buuger</u>		<u> Duugee</u>	1100	=		<u>, ur urioo</u>
General Support:							
Board of education	\$ 95,22	7 \$	99,439	\$ 76,929	\$	11,590	\$ (10,920)
Central administration	249,99	4	269,179	267,463		-	(1,716)
Finance	827,61	7	858,216	745,489		38,619	(74,108)
Staff	750,71	1	857,159	548,719		250,000	(58,440)
Central services	7,848,06	5	9,697,256	7,030,857		238,672	(2,427,727)
Special items	996,48	<u>5</u>	1,853,696	 1,774,093			 (79,603)
Total General Support	10,768,09	9 _	13,634,945	 10,443,550		538,881	 (2,652,514)
Instruction:							
Instruction, administration and improvement	3,960,73	4	4,366,299	3,583,310		346,633	(436,356)
Teaching - regular school	34,268,24	7	32,486,143	27,939,886		372,874	(4,173,383)
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	15,614,30		16,078,191	15,302,411		72,242	(703,538)
Occupational education	976,00		890,899	799,503		3,685	(87,711)
Teaching - special school	563,30		472,696	469,940		-	(2,756)
Instructional media	1,033,02		1,891,249	1,349,598		210,689	(330,962)
Pupil services	4,023,71	<u>6</u>	3,879,304	 3,444,343		673	 (434,288)
Total Instruction	60,439,33	<u>3</u>	60,064,781	 52,888,991		1,006,796	 (6,168,994)
Other:							
Pupil transportation	5,397,65	8	5,751,072	4,683,680		800,590	(266,802)
Community service	52,48		52,488	46,443		-	(6,045)
Employee benefits	23,822,91		21,993,919	19,562,277		-	(2,431,642)
Debt service	8,713,71	3	8,713,713	 8,482,331		-	 (231,382)
Total Other	37,986,77	<u> 7</u>	36,511,192	 32,774,731		800,590	 (2,935,871)
Total Expenditures	109,194,20	9	110,210,918	96,107,272		2,346,267	(11,757,379)
Other Financing Uses:							
Transfers to other funds	3,715,00	0	4,642,590	 4,141,094		<u>-</u>	 (501,496)
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$ 112,909,20</u>	<u>9</u> <u>\$</u>	114,853,508	 100,248,366	\$	2,346,267	\$ (12,258,875)
Net Changes in Fund Balances				\$ 2,758,261			

Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefit Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #2

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	L	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	U	nfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a-b)	C	overed Payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll (b-a)c)
July 1, 2016	\$	-	\$	158,300,629	\$	158,300,629	0%	\$	40,830,179	388%
July 1, 2014 and 2015 (updated)	\$	_	\$	131,967,188	\$	131,967,188	0%	\$	35,473,616	372%
July 1, 2013	\$	_	\$	116,338,094	\$	116,338,094	0%	\$	34,767,885	335%
July 1, 2012	\$	_	\$	108,364,894	\$	108,364,894	0%	\$	33,737,828	321%
July 1, 2011	\$	_	\$	104,058,921	\$	104,058,921	0%	\$	37,058,970	281%
September 1, 2010	\$	_	\$	113,365,205	\$	113,365,205	0%	\$	34,351,578	330%
September 1, 2009	\$	_	\$	118,687,737	\$	118.687.737	0%		N/A	N/A

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION ASSETS/LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #3

<u>TRS</u>	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Proportionate share of net pension assets (liabilities)	\$ (2,228,857)	\$ 21,677,739	\$ 22,434,544
Covered payroll	\$ 33,701,861	\$ 32,719,326	\$ 30,607,552
Proportionate share of net pension asset (liabilities) as a percentage of covered payroll	6.6%	66.3%	73.3%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension asset	99.01%	110.5%	111.4%
<u>ERS</u>	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Proportionate share of net pension assets (liabilities)	\$ (2,222,917)	\$ (3,837,025)	\$ 810,005
Covered payroll	\$ 6,250,536	\$ 6,092,745	\$ 6,287,935
Proportionate share of net pension assets (liabilities) as a percentage of covered payroll	35.6%	63.0%	12.9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	94.70%	90.6%	97.9%

Note: Information for the years prior to implementation of GASB 68 is unavailable and will be completed each year going forward as it becomes available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE # 4

<u>TRS</u>	<u>June 30, 2016</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>	June 30, 2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,556,697	\$ 5,781,619	\$ 5,086,355
	4,556,697	5,781,619	5,086,355
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 33,701,861	\$ 32,719,326	\$ 30,607,552
	13.5%	17.7%	16.6%
ERS	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess) District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 937,681	\$ 1,035,853	\$ 1,150,543
	937,681	1,035,853	1,150,543
	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>
	\$ 6,250,536	\$ 6,092,745	\$ 6,287,935
	15.0%	17.0%	18.3%

Note: Information for the years prior to implementation of GASB 68 is unavailable and will be completed each year going forward as it becomes available.

53



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND
THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #5

Change from Adopted	Budget to Revised Budget
----------------------------	---------------------------------

Actual percentage

Change from Adopted Budget to Kevisca Budget		
Adopted Budget		\$ 112,909,509
Add: Prior Year's Encumbrances		1,909,063
Original Budget		114,818,572
Budget Revision - Gifts and Donations		34,936
Final Budget		<u>\$114,853,508</u>
Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation		
2017-18 expenditure budget Maximum allowed 4% of 2015-16 budget		\$ 112,018,797 \$ 4,480,752
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to §1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$ 2,346,267 <u>16,691,428</u> <u>19,037,695</u>	
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance Total adjustments	12,425,000 2,346,267 14,771,267	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to §1318 of Real Property Tax Law		<u>\$ 4,266,428</u>

Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund fund balance subject to §1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

3.81%

Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Project Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #6

									-				
Project Title	Project <u>Number</u>		Original <u>Appropriation</u>		Revised Appropriation		Prior <u>Years</u>	Current <u>Year</u>		<u>Total</u>		Unexpended <u>Balance</u>	
Spring 2013 - Various	(1)	\$	56,362,233	\$	56,362,333	\$	56,317,012 \$	-	\$	56,317,012	\$	45,321	
School 18 PA System	0010.012		100,000		100,000		95,197	-		95,197		4,803	
Doyle Middle School Reconstruction (DMS)	0012.015		100,000		100,000		61,877	-		61,877		38,123	
District Wide Technology	(2)		8,400,000		8,400,000		7,794,365	544,156		8,338,521		61,479	
Capital Outlay Project	0009.003		100,000		100,000		-	94,818		94,818		5,182	
Paving Improvements	0009.002		124,100		124,100		-	112,682		112,682		11,418	
District Wide Infrastructure	Various (3)	_	23,300,000		23,300,000			2,008,845		2,008,845		21,291,155	
Total		\$	88,486,333	\$	88,486,433	\$	64,268,451 \$	2,760,501	\$	67,028,952	\$	21,457,481	

(1) Various capital project numbers including:

<u>Title</u>	Number
Doyle Middle School	
Reconstruction (DMS)	0012.014
Troy High School (THS)	0011.024
Athletic Storage Building (THS)	2004.002

(2) Various capital project numbers including:

<u>Title</u>	Number
District Wide Technology	7999.004
Troy High School (THS)	0011.026
Public School 14 (PS14)	0009.002

3) Various capital project numbers (10), contact district for further information.

INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF RELATED DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #7

Capital Assets, Net \$ 118,020,083

Deduct:

Short-term portion of bonds and bond anticipation notes payable

Long-term portion of bonds payable

Less: unspent bond anticipation note proceeds

60,929,550 (10,912,903)

\$ 13,355,000

2,903) 63,371,647

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

\$ 54,648,436

ENLARGED CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OF TROY, NEW YORK
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #8

Current Assets:		Capital <u>Projects</u>		Special <u>Aid</u>		School ood Service		Total Debt <u>Service</u>		Non-Major <u>Funds</u>		
Cash Unrestricted Restricted	\$	- 10,912,903	\$	116,006	\$	1,310,437	\$	4,298,293	\$	5,724,736 10,912,903		
Receivables		10,912,903		-		-		-		10,912,903		
Due from other funds		500,972		144,299		_		30,749		676,020		
State and federal aid		-		2,219,219		136,110		-		2,355,329		
Other		-		-		-		-		-		
Inventories						20,980				20,980		
Total Assets	\$	11,413,875	\$	2,479,524	\$	1,467,527	\$	4,329,042	\$	19,689,968		
Current Liabilities: Payables												
Accounts payable	\$	1,069,354	\$	203,315	\$	145,241	\$	-	\$	1,417,910		
Due to other funds		31,720		2,132,811		79,192		-		2,243,723		
Due to other governments		-		-		773		-		773		
Bond anticipation												
notes payable		8,000,000		142 200		-		-		8,000,000		
Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	_	9,101,074	_	143,398 2,479,524	_	225,206	_		_	143,398 11,805,804		
Total Liabilities		9,101,074		2,479,324		223,200				11,003,004		
Fund Balance:												
Restricted for:												
Debt service		-		-		-		4,329,042		4,329,042		
Nonspendable: Inventories						20,980				20,980		
Assigned for:		-		-		20,980		-		20,980		
Food service		_		-		1,221,341		_		1,221,341		
Unassigned:				-		, ,		-		, ,		
Fund Balance		2,312,801								2,312,801		
		2,312,801	_	-		1,242,321	_	4,329,042		7,884,164		
Total Liabilities and												
Fund Balance	\$	11,413,875	\$	2,479,524	\$	1,467,527	\$	4,329,042	\$	19,689,968		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE #9

	Capi <u>Proj</u> e		Special <u>Aid</u>	<u>F</u> (School ood Service	Debt Service]	Total Non-Major <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$ -		\$ -	\$	1,344	\$ 6,318	\$	7,662
State sources	-		2,274,009		58,641	-		2,332,650
Sales	-		-		55,123	-		55,123
Miscellaneous	-		-		118,955	315,000		433,955
Federal sources			6,183,915		2,185,193			8,369,108
Total Revenues			 8,457,924		2,419,256	 321,318		11,198,498
Expenditures:								
General support	-		174,038		-	-		174,038
Instruction	-		8,424,980		-	-		8,424,980
Capital outlay	2,76	50,500	-		-	-		2,760,500
Cost of sales			 		2,497,963			2,497,963
Total Expenditures	2,70	50,500	 8,599,018		2,497,963	 		13,857,481
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(2,70	(50,500)	 (141,094)		(78,707)	 321,318		(2,658,983)
Other Financing Sources:								
Operating Transfers In	4,00	00,000	141,094		_	_		4,141,094
Net Premium on BAN issuance	-		-		-	28,160		28,160
Total Other Sources	4,00	00,000	 141,094		-	28,160	_	4,169,254
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures	1,23	39,500	-		(78,707)	349,478		1,510,271
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	1,0	73,301	 		1,321,028	 3,979,564		6,373,893
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,3	12,801	\$ 	\$	1,242,321	\$ 4,329,042	\$	7,884,164



CUSACK & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants LLC

7 Airport Park Boulevard Latham, New York 12110 (518) 786-3550 Fax (518) 786-1538 E-Mail Address: cpas@cusackcpas.com www.cusackcpas.com

Members of:
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

MEMBERS OF:
NEW YORK STATE SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York (the "District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CUSACK & COMPANY, CPA'S LLC

Cusadet Caymy, PA'S LIC

Latham, New York October 10, 2017

CUSACK & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants LLC

7 Airport Park Boulevard Latham, New York 12110 (518) 786-3550 Fax (518) 786-1538 E-Mail Address: cpas@cusackcpas.com www.cusackcpas.com

Members of:
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

MEMBERS OF:
NEW YORK STATE SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CUSACK & COMPANY, CPA'S LLC

Cusade & Cangruy, CP4'S LIC

Latham, New York October 10, 2017

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Entity/Project <u>Number</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
Passed Through New York State Education Department:			
U.S. Department of Education			
ESEA Title I	84.010	0021-16-2530	\$ 462,302
ESEA Title I	84.010	0021-17-2530	2,093,270
Title I School Improvement Title I School Improvement	84.010 84.010	0011-16-2128 0011-17-2128	53,087 104,141
Total CFDA #84.010	64.010	0011-17-2128	2,712,800
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	04.027	0022 16 0760	1.057.610
IDEA, Part B, Section 611	84.027	0032-16-0760	1,257,610
IDEA, Part B, Section 619 Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.173	0187-17-6119	75,129 1,332,739
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,332,737
Career and Technical Education	84.048	8039-16-0014	279,183
Title VII - Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	0212-17-3034	49,999
Title VII - Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	0212-17-3072	18,870
Total CFDA #84.196			68,869
Twenty First Century Community Learning	84.287	0187-16-6119	9,938
Twenty First Century Community Learning Twenty First Century Community Learning	84.287	0187-17-6119	633,998
Total CFDA #84.287	0.1.207	010, 1, 0113	643,936
Tid. III. Dark A. J.ED.	94.265	0140 17 2520	5 (02
Title III - Part A, LEP Title III - Part A, LEP	84.365 84.365	0149-17-2530 0293-16-2530	5,693 7,346
Title III - Part A, LEP	84.365	0293-10-2530	12,456
Total CFDA #84.365	04.505	02)3 17 2330	25,495
Title II - Part A - Teaching and Principal Training	84.367	0149-16-2530	1,255
Title II - Part A - Teaching and Principal Training	84.367	0147-17-2530	451,945
Total CFDA #84.367			453,200
Title I - School Improvement 1003(G)	84.377	0123-16-4109	199,783
Title I - School Improvement 1003(G)	84.377	0123-17-4109	467,910
Total CFDA #84.377			667,693
Total Passed Through New York State Education Department			6,183,915
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	-	615,802
School Lunch Program	10.555	-	1,360,123
School Snack Program	10.555	-	18,301
Food Surplus	10.555	-	162,806
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,157,032
School Dinner Program	10.558		28,161
Total Passed Through New York State Education Department			2,185,193
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 8,369,108

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

2. SCOPE OF AUDIT PURSUANT TO THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York is an independent municipal corporation. All federal grant operations of the District are included in the scope of the single audit.

3. SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS

The District expends the following federal awards in schoolwide programs:

Programs	Amount
CFDA #10.553/10.555/110.558 Child Nutrition Program	\$ 2,185,193
CFDA #84.027 Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	1,332,739
CFDA #84.173 Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	75,129
CFDA #84.010 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	 2,712,800
Total	\$ 6,305,861

4. FOOD DONATION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School District received food commodities totaling \$162,806.

5. RELATIONSHIP TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal awards revenue is reported in the District's financial statements as follows:

Federal Aid per Financial Statements	\$ 8,848,779
Less: Federal Medicaid Receipts	(479,671)
Total Federal Assistance	\$ 8,369,108

6. INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The District's indirect cost rate is set by New York State.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION I — <u>Summary of Auditor's Results</u>

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:		
• "Going Concern" explanatory paragraph included in audit report?	Yes	X _No
Significant deficiency disclosed?	Yes	X _No
• Significant deficiency(ies) reported as a material weakness?	Yes	
Material noncompliance disclosed?	Yes	X _No
Federal Awards		
Internal Control over major programs:		
• Significant deficiency disclosed for any major programs?	Yes	X _No
 Significant deficiency(ies) reported for any major programs as a material weakness? 	Yes	X _None reported
Any known questioned costs reported?	Yes	X _No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		<u>Unmodified</u>
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	Yes	X No
Identification of major programs:		
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.553/10.555 84.027/84.173	Name of Federal Pro Child Nutrition Special Education (on Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Ye	sNo

${\bf SECTION~II--\underline{FINANCIAL~STATEMENT~FINDINGS}}$

See page 71.

${\bf SECTION\,III--\underline{FEDERAL\,AWARD\,FINDINGS\,AND\,QUESTIONED\,COSTS}}$

N/A

SECTION IV — RESOLUTION OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

See the resolution of prior year findings enclosed on page 72.



CUSACK & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants LLC

7 Airport Park Boulevard Latham, New York 12110 (518) 786-3550 Fax (518) 786-1538 E-Mail Address: cpas@cusackcpas.com www.cusackcpas.com

Members of:
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

MEMBERS OF:
NEW YORK STATE SOCIETY OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York's Extraclassroom Activity Funds ("Troy's Extraclassroom Activity Funds"), which comprise the statement of assets and fund balance-cash basis as of June 30, 2017, and the related statement of cash receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, and fund balance of Troy's Extraclassroom Activity Funds as of June 30, 2017, and its cash receipts and disbursements for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

CUSACK & COMPANY, CPA'S LLC

Cusadet Congruy, CP4's LIC

Latham, New York October 10, 2017

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND
STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCE
RESULTING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS
JUNE 30, 2017

Cash	<u>\$</u>	64,790
Fund Balance	\$	64,790

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Extraclassroom <u>Accounts</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2016</u>		Receipts 2016-2017		Disbursements <u>2016-2017</u>		Balance June 30, 2017	
Art Club	\$	512	\$	400	\$	505	\$	407
Drama		11,907		6,976		8,734		10,149
Music		5,960		2,657		4,384		4,233
Key Club		381		515		890		6
Environmental Action		1,911		=		751		1,160
French		665		8,568		9,079		154
Italian		1,047		3,028		3,175		900
Spanish		37		660		400		297
Challanger (THS paper)		94		-		-		94
Dardanian (THS Yearbook)		7,487		8,578		16,023		42
DMS Yearbook		1,235		3,391		3,676		950
Math Honor Society		256		190		180		266
THS Ski Club		59		4,769		4,717		111
DMS Ski Club		165		3,148		3,080		233
National Honor Society		4,199		5,300		5,335		4,164
Junior National Honor Society		6,444		5,452		8,545		3,351
DMS Student Council		1		-		-		1
THS Student Council		_		7,700		5,511		13,550
ALP Student Council		11,361		5,589		4,780		809
Junior/Senior Class		24,049		35,147		36,036		23,160
NYS Sales Tax		561		1,282		1,215		628
Unallocated Bank Interest		125		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		125
Total	<u>\$</u>	78,456	\$	103,350	\$	117,016	\$	64,790

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

1. DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

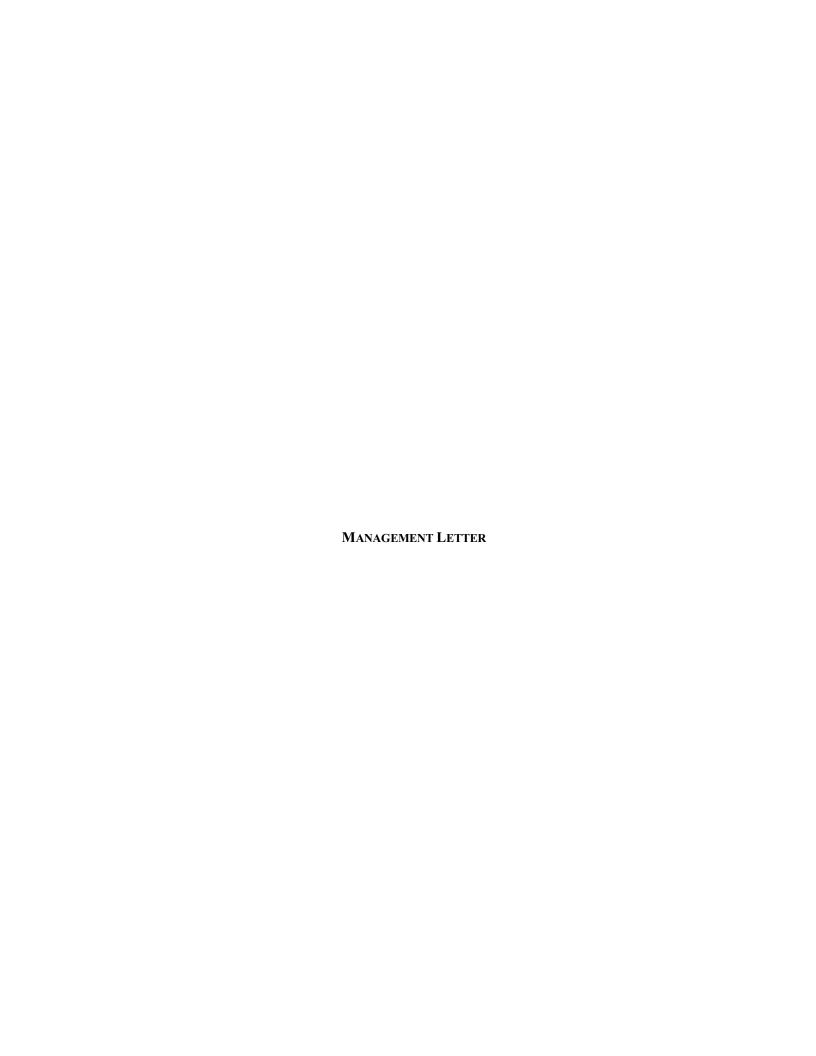
The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to account for those organizations within the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York whose activities are conducted by students and whose financial support is raised other than by taxation, fees or through charges of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York.

Reporting Entity

The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York. Consequently, such transactions are included in the Trust and Agency Fund of the general purpose financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The books and records of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting in accordance with New York State guidelines. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.



CUSACK & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants LLC

7 Airport Park Boulevard Latham, New York 12110 (518) 786-3550 Fax (518) 786-1538 E-Mail Address: cpas@cusackcpas.com www.cusackcpas.com

Members of:
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

MEMBERS OF: NEW YORK STATE SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Education and Management Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York

We have audited the financial statements of the Enlarged City School District of Troy, New York for the year ended June 30, 2017 and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2017. As part of our audit, we made a study and evaluation of the District's system of internal control, to the extent we considered necessary, solely to determine the nature, timing and extent of our auditing procedures. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the system of internal control taken as a whole.

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of control procedures. The objectives of a system are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of the inherent limitations in any system of internal control, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate. During our audit, we did not become aware of any conditions that we believe to be material weaknesses, but we did note some items that we believe should be communicated to you. These items, and our suggested corrective action, are detailed in the attached schedules of findings and recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the administration. This restriction is not intended to limit distribution of this report, which is a matter of public record.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Reserve Accounting

The District both established and increased various reserves to allow for potential District exposure in a variety of areas. The Comptroller's office requires that established reserves be both reasonable and necessary.

We recommend that management perform an analysis of the potential exposure for each reserve balance on an annual basis.

2. School Food Service

The District's school food service fund's operations for the year ended June 30, 2017 resulted in a deficit of almost \$79,000 primarily due to a decline in revenue of approximately \$84,000 with a corresponding increase in expenses of approximately \$129,000.

We recommended that management perform an analysis of the food service operations and develop a plan to make the food service operations sustainable on a current and long-term basis.

RESOLUTION OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Payroll Exceptions

During internal control test work over the payroll function, we noted (3) instances where signoffs indicating proper review were absent from payroll journals. We recommend that the District review all internal control steps before filing their payroll reports to ensure that items have been reviewed as required and properly noted.

Status: This item appears to have been implemented by the District and is considered resolved.

2. Extraclassroom Accounting Process

Internal control test work over the Extraclassroom activities showed that the District does not have a formal procedure in place for cash receipts. Although a system is in place, we recommend that all processes be formally documented in writing as a good measure of control.

Status: This item appears to have been implemented by the District and is considered resolved.

3. Fixed Assets Additions

Fixed asset testing showed that some assets were entered into the incorrect fiscal year causing reconciliation differences in general reports. We recommend that individuals be designated as responsible for entering, deleting and reconciling fixed assets to the subsidiary reports including a secondary supervisory review of the input and reconciliation.

Status: The District's fixed asset accounting continues to need added work to reconcile transactions. We recommend the District implement a system of controls to properly account for all additions, deletions and adjustments to underlying supporting documentation.

We would like to express our appreciation for the cooperation and efforts of the District's financial personnel who were instrumental in the timely completion of this year's audit. We look forward to being of continued service to your District.

CUSACK & COMPANY, CPA'S LLC

Cusade & Congruy, CPA'S LIC

Latham, New York October 10, 2017